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bankruptcy. These expenses must be reasonable and customary and not in-house expenses of the lender.

- F. The lender is responsible for advising FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 of the completion of the Chapter 11 reorganization plan; however, the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 servicing office will monitor the lender's files to ensure timely notification of servicing actions.
- G. If an estimated loss claim is paid during the operation of the reorganization plan, and the borrower repays in full the remaining balance of the loan as set forth in the plan without an additional loss sustained by the lender, a Final Report of Loss is not necessary. The Finance Office will close out the estimated loss account as a Final Loss at the time notification of payment in full is received.
- H. If the bankruptcy court attempts to direct that loss payments will be applied to the account other than the unsecured principal first and then to unsecured accrued interest, the lender is responsible for notifying the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 servicing office immediately. The FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 servicing office will then obtain advice from OGC on what actions FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 should take.
- I. Protective Advances—Authorized protective advances may be included with the estimated loss payment associated with the Chapter 11 reorganization provided they were incurred in connection with liquidation of the account prior to the borrower filing bankruptey.
- J. Adequate Protection—The bankruptcy court can order protection of the collateral while the borrower is in a reorganization bankruptcy. The lender whose collateral is subject to being used by the trustee in bankruptcy should immediately seek adequate protection of the collateral, including petitioning for a super priority.

[54 FR 1598, Jan. 13, 1989]

# § 1980.476 Transfer and assumptions.

- (a) All transfers and assumptions will be approved in writing by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103– 354. Such transfers and assumptions will be to an eligible applicant.
- (b) Transfers and assumptions will be considered without regard to §1980.451 (d) of this subpart.
- (c) The borrower will submit to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 449–4 for the required character

evaluation prior to the execution of the Assumption Agreement.

- (d) Available transfer and assumption options to eligible borrowers include the following:
- (1) The total indebtedness may be transferred to another borrower on the same terms.
- (2) The total indebtedness may be transferred to another borrower on different terms not to exceed those terms for which an initial loan can be made.
- (3) Less than the total indebtedness may be transferred to another borrower on the same terms.
- (4) Less than the total indebtedness may be transferred to another borrower on different terms.
- (e) In any transfer and assumption case, the transferor, including any guarantor(s), may be released from liability by the lender with FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 written concurrence only when the value of the collateral being transferred is at least equal to the amount of the loan or part of the loan being assumed. If the transfer is for less than the entire debt:
- (1) FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 must determine that the transferor and any guarantors have no reasonable debt-paying ability considering their assets and income at the time of transfer.
- (2) The FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 County Committee must certify that the transferor has cooperated in good faith, used due diligence to maintain the collateral against loss, and has otherwise fulfilled all of the regulations of this subpart to the best of borrower's ability.
- (f) Any proceeds received from the sale of secured property before a transfer and assumption will be credited on the transferor's guaranteed loan debt in inverse order of maturity before the transfer and assumption transaction is closed.
- (g) When the transferee makes any cash downpayment in connection with the transfer and assumption:
- (1) The lender will employ an independent appraiser, subject to concurrence of both the transferor and transferee, to make an appraisal to determine the fair market value of all the

collateral securing the loan. Such appraisal report fee and any other costs related thereto will be paid by the transferor and the transferee as they mutually agree.

- (2) The market value of the secured property being acquired by the transferee, plus any additional security the transferee proposes to give to secure the debt, will be adequate to secure the balance of the total guaranteed loan owed, plus any prior liens. If any cash downpayment is made, it may be paid directly to the transferor as payment for equity in the project provided:
- (i) The lender recommends and FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 approves the case downpayment be released to the transferor. The lender and FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 may require that an amount be retained for an established period of time in escrow as a reserve account as security for use against any future default on the loan. Any interest accruing on such an escrow account may be paid periodically to the transferor.
- (ii) Any payments that are to be made by the transferee to the transferor in respect to the downpayment do not suspend the transferee's obligation to continue to meet the guaranteed loan payments as they come due under the terms of the assumption.
- (iii) The transferor will agree not to take any actions against the transferee in connection with such transfer in the future without first obtaining the written approval of FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 and the lender.
- (iv) The lender determines that there is repayment ability for the guaranteed debt assumed and any other indebtedness of the transferee.
- (h) The lender will make, in all cases, a complete credit analysis to determine viability of the project, subject to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 review and approval, including any requirement for deposits in an escrow account as security to meet its determined equity requirements for the project.
- (i) The lender will issue a statement to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 that the transaction can be properly transferred and the

- conveyance instruments will be filed, registered, or recorded as appropriate and legally permissible.
- (j) FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 will not guarantee any additional loans to provide equity funds for a transfer and assumption
- (k) The assumption will be made on the lender's form of assumption agreement.
- (1) The assumption agreement will contain the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 case number of the transferor and transferee.
- (m) Loan terms cannot be changed by the Assumption agreement unless previously approved in writing by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354, with the concurrence of any holder(s) and concurrence of the transferor (including guarantors) if they have not been released from personal liability. Any new loan terms cannot exceed those authorized in this subpart. The lender's request will be supported by:
- (1) An explanation of the reasons for the proposed change in the loan terms.
- (2) Certification that the lien position securing the guaranteed loan will be maintained or improved, proper hazard insurance will be continued in effect and all applicable Truth in Lending requirements will be met.
- (n) In the case of a transfer and assumption, it is the lender's responsibility to see that all such transfers and assumptions will be noted on all originals of the Loan Note Guarantee(s). The lender will provide FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 a copy of the transfer and assumption agreement. Notice must be given by the lender to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 before any borrower or guarantor is released from liability.
- (o) The holder(s), if any, need not be consulted on a transfer and assumption case unless there is a change in loan terms.
- (p) If a loss should occur upon consummation of a complete transfer of assets and assumption for less than the

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full amount of the debt and the transferor-debtor (including personal guarantor) is released from personal liability, as provided in paragraph (e) of this section, the lender, if it holds the guaranteed portion, may file an estimated "report of Loss" on Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-30 to recover its pro rata share of the actual loss at that time. In completing Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-30, the amount of the debt assumed will be entered on Line 24 as Net Collateral (Recovery). Approved protective advances and accrued interest thereon made during the arrangement of a transfer and assumption, if not assumed by the transferee, will be entered on Form 449-30, lines 13 and 14.

#### Administrative

Refer to Appendix G of this subpart (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Office) for advice on how to interact with the lender on liquidations and property management.

- A. The State Director may approve all transfer and assumption provisions if the guaranteed loan debt balance is within his/her individual loan approval authority including:
- 1. Consent in writing to the release of the transferor and guarantors from liability.
- 2. Any changes in loan terms.

NOTE—The assumption will be reviewed as if it were a new loan. The Loan Note Guarantee(s) will be endorsed in the space provided on the form(s).

- B. A copy of the Assumption Agreement will be retained in the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 file. The State Director will notify the Finance Office of all approved transfer and assumption cases on Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1980–7, "Notice of Transfer and Assumption of a Guaranteed Loan," and submit Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1980–50 for all new borrowers and Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1980–51, "Add, Change, or Delete Guaranteed Loan Record," in order that Finance records may be adjusted accordingly.
- C. Any transfer and assumption of less than the total indebtedness must be submitted to the Director, Business and Industry Division, for review and concurrence.
- D. If the guaranteed loan debt balance is in excess of the State Director's loan approval authority, the State Director will forward the file, together with his/her recommendations, to the National Office for approval, ATTN: Business and Industry Division.

#### §§ 1980.477-1980.480 [Reserved]

# §1980.481 Insured loans.

Applications from private parties for whom FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 and such borrowers agree that a guarantee lender is not available and from public bodies shall be processed as insured loans in accordance with the applicable provisions of this subpart and Subpart A of Part 1942 of this chapter, including the credit elsewhere requirement, except as provided in §1980.488 of this subpart which provides for the guarantee of taxable bond issues of public bodies. Loans to public bodies will be used only to finance:

- (a) Community facilities as defined in §1980.402 of this subpart, and
- (b) Constructing and equipping industrial plants for lease to private businesses (not including loans for operating such businesses) when the requesting loan is not available under Subpart A of Part 1942 of this chapter.

## Administrative

- A. Without specific written delegated authority, all insured loans require National Office concurrence prior to approval.
- B. Applications from private parties for insured loans will not be encouraged.
- C. Loan closings on insured loans will be in accordance with this subpart, the Regional Attorney and applicable provisions of Subpart A of Part 1942 of this chapter.

 $[52 \; \mathrm{FR} \; 6501, \; \mathrm{Mar.} \; 4, \; 1987, \; \mathrm{as} \; \mathrm{amended} \; \mathrm{at} \; 53 \; \mathrm{FR} \; 40403, \; \mathrm{Oct.} \; 17, \; 1988]$ 

# §§ 1980.482–1980.487 [Reserved]

# § 1980.488 Guaranteed industrial development bond issues.

(a) Loans to public bodies will be guaranteed only in connection with the issuance of any class or series of industrial development bonds (as defined in section 103(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended (IRC)), the interest on which is included in gross income under IRC. No part of the loan guaranteed by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 may extend to any class or series of industrial development bonds the interest on which is excludable from gross income under section 103(a)(1) of such Code. Before the execution of any Loan Note Guarantee, the lender will furnish